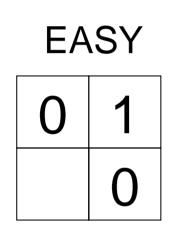
Improving the Quality of Online Tests and Assessments

Svend Andreas Horgen

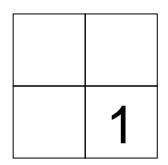
Greta Hjertø Jarle Larsen Sør-Trøndelag University College (HiST) Trondheim, Norway

The binary sudoku

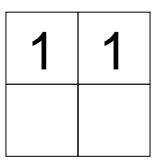


A LITTLE BIT CHALLENGING

REALLY DIFFICULT

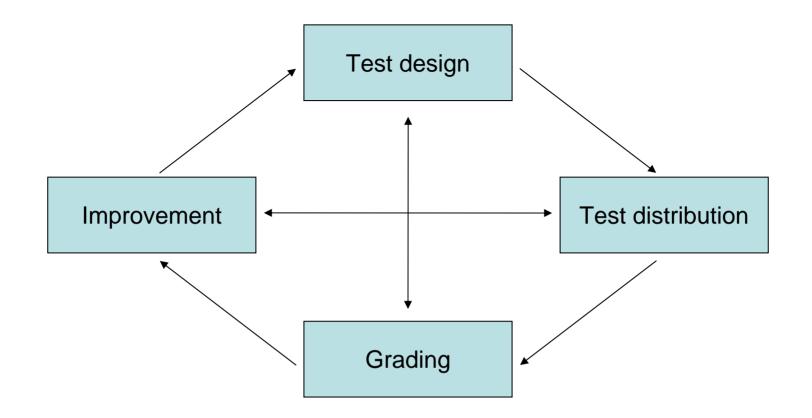


PRETTY IMPOSSIBLE



Motivation

- A quality reform in higher education in Norway
- Distance education: 1000++
- Efficiency
- LMS has tools for testing, but
 - proprietary
 - lacks functionality
 - difficult to influence development



• 4 iterative phases for making good tests

- Design: how to write high-quality questions, feedback strategy...
- Distribution: delivery, cheat, # of attempts, ...
- Grading: calculation of score, grading strategy, ...
- Improvement: analysis, sort out bad questions, ...

Analysis, quality, success

• How should the scores be set?

x -> (x-100/n)*n/(n-1) Normalising, n is the number of alternatives, x is score

- Analysis of test results is important, but difficult and time consuming:
 - sorting, comparing
 - "popular" alternatives
 - question statistics
 - completion time
 - min, max, mean, frequency

- distractor analysis
- varians, standard deviation
- other "statematical" formulas

Implementation of a test tool

- Computer can automate and assist
 - easy development of tests and questions
 - reuse of questions and tests
 - administration of students and test distribution
 - random pick of questions
 - calculation of scores
 - analysis of results \rightarrow statistics and proposals
- Computer tests are highly scalable

Web-based system: EVATEST

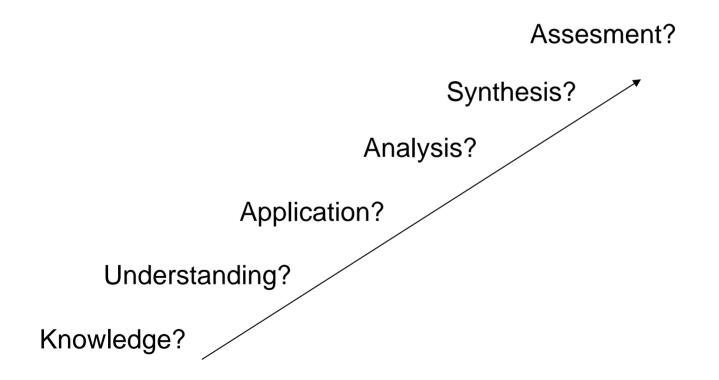
- All four phases
 Focus on the
 - improvement phase
- Multiple choice ←→
 free text
- LaTeX code → images of formulas
- Resources
 - files (images etc)
 - links (www)

- Test parameters
 - grading strategy
 - timing
 - availability
 - # of attempts
 - response strategy

- ...

- IMS QTI: import and export
- Question pool

Blooms taxonomy – what can be tested?



Question pool

- All questions are saved in a common pool
- Searchable
 - keyword question type
 - free text author
 - category subject
- Reuse and statistics...
- The tool knows the history of each question
- Resource for the teacher

Search result in question pool

Evatesting						-0
📄 http://elite.stud.aitel.hist	.no/evatesting/index.jsp?meny=test&te	estvalg=visTester&handling=rediger&oppgave=leggtiloggavefrapool&tes	tid=-10&1e	ggtil=&lagre=lagr	e 🔽 🔍 10	0% 🔻 🍪
🔍 Side-søk	▶ Søk etter neste 🔏 Tale 🛛 📢 S	pol tilbake 🔹 🛖 Tilbake 🔹 🛖 Framover 🔹 脉 Hurtig framover 🔹 💋	Oppdater	🧀 Åpne 📊 L	agne 📕 Skr	iv ut
Innlogget som: Svend Andreas Lærer: Main page Subject Test Testcopying Solutions Statistics Taskpool Personalinfo Chat Help Logg out	Here you can add tasks direct in to the pool Texttask Yes/no task Multiple-choice Find pair QTI/IMS import Edit pool Help (Open in a new window) Here you can search for tasks in the pool, look at them or delete them Type: All types of tasks Task: Headword: mengd Author: truls.fretland@hist.no r Find					
	Nr: Ty 1 Mu W/Yes/No Sil Multiple-choice w/radio Multiple-choice w/check Find pair	Tasktext: (DM 2.1.14) List elementene i mengden $(A \cap B) - C$, når mengde-universet $U = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 10\}$ og mengdene $A = \{1, 4, 7, 10\}$, $B = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ og $C = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}$	Author: Truls Fretland	Edit & add:	Statistics: Do	elete:
	2 Multiple-choice mengdelære w/radio Sikkerhet: Nei	(DM 2.1.29) I en gruppe på 191 studenter er det 10 som tar både fransk, handel og musikk; 36 tar både fransk og handel; 20 tar både fransk og musikk; 18 tar handel og musikk; 65 tar fransk; 76 tar handel; og 63 tar musikk. Hvor mange er det som ikke tar noer av fagene?		ľ	ī	9
	3 Multiple-choice mengdelære w/radio Sikkerhet: Nei	(DM 2.1.62) Avgjør om påstanden er sann eller $_{\text{usann:}} \overline{X - Y} = \overline{Y - X}.$ (1)	Truls) Fretland	ď	I	0
	4 Multiple-choice mengdelære w/radio Sikkerhet: Nei	List elementene i mengden $(A \cap B) - C$, når mengde-universet $U = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 10\}$ og mengdene $A = \{1, 4, 7, 10\}$, $B = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ og $C = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}$.	Truls t Fretland	ľ	I	9
	5 Yes/No mengder Sikkerhet: Nei	Mengdene X og Y er delmengder av den universelle mengden U. Anta at mengde-universet for det kartesiske produktet er U imes U. Er følgende påstand er sann? $\overline{X imes Y} = \overline{X} imes \overline{Y}$ for alle mengder X og Y	Truls Fretland	ď	i	9

Improvement – *the difficult phase*?

- Calculations: from days to seconds
- Useful statistics at different levels

 identification of (un)successful questions
- Pool + statistics = interesting searches
 - questions considered successful
 - frequently used questions (or never used)
 - poorly designed distractors
 - ... etc etc
- Automatic test generation based on certain criteria

The distractor problem

- Students should not be able to eliminate distractors
- Where is Educa?
 1. Bremen
 2. Berlin
 3. Bejing
 4. At school
- Most teachers find the task
 4. At school of writing high quality distractors difficult...
 - ... but the system can provide automatic generation of distractors based on wrong answers from a similar free-text version
 - ... or from similar questions \rightarrow templates

Current use of the tool

- Campus and distance learners, mathematics and ICT courses
- Testing is used as part of the learning process and for assessment
- We are gaining experience
 - the question pool is increasing
 - the repository of test results is growing
 - feedback from teachers and students

He who loves practice without theory is like the sailor who boards a ship without a rudder and compass and never knows where he may cast.

Leonardo da Vinci

Lessons learned

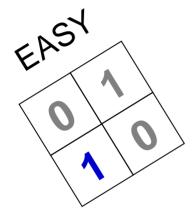
- The pool has proven successful
 - reuse
 - search for high-quality questions
- Statistics significantly help the teacher in the improvement phase
- Manual analysis of test results has helped to guide the implementation of useful statistics
- Students are very helpful resources for system development and identification of bugs

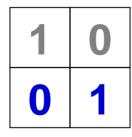
Future work

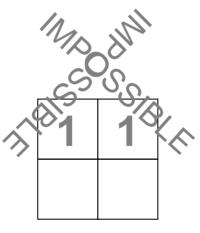
- The layout must be improved
- Some functionality is not yet implemented
- Explore possibilities for usage
- Analyse to which extent such a tool is efficient and a time-saver for the average teacher, and ensuring high quality
- Identify methods for best practices within online testing

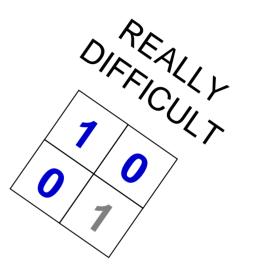
Have a nice weekend

A LITTLE BIT CHALLENGING









svend.horgen@hist.no

http://www.aitel.hist.no/~svendah